

 \square

WALL AREA AFFECTED BY DEFORMATION AND BULGING

The external leaf of the gable wall is to be taken down to the cill height of the ground floor window and is to include any parts of the wall that appear defective, or will adversely affect the stability and appearance of the gable wall. The existing stone is to be saved, numbered and relayed in the same irregular coursing as exiting. If on inspection the stone has perished, split or splayed then it is to be replaced with material of the same type, size and texture as the original stone.

The new rubble fill between the leafs of masonry is to be replaced with a modern solid construction with ties or masonry throughs connecting the internal and external leafs of the wall. The pointing is to be a weak mix of sand/lime mortar with slightly recessed finish.

STONE QUOINS AFFECTED BY SPLAYING OF THE OUTER FACES

The defective quoins are to be carefully taken down and rotated to allow the splayed side to be on the internal side of the wall allowing the unaffected side to become the external side. If on inspection the quoins are perished beyond their effective use then they are to be replaced by new quoins of the same size appearance and texture as the original quoins.

The mortar is to be sand/lime with a weak consistency and a flush or slightly recessed finish.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Contractor will be responsible for the protection of the works and for the protection of members of the general public. Also keeping the immediate highway free and clean of any obstruction during the course of the work and for the removal of all debris during the course of the work. The Contractor shall take into account everything necessary for the proper execution of the works to the satisfaction of the Building Control Officer, Conversation Officer and the Highway Authority.

SCALE 1:50

DRAWING NO. 04