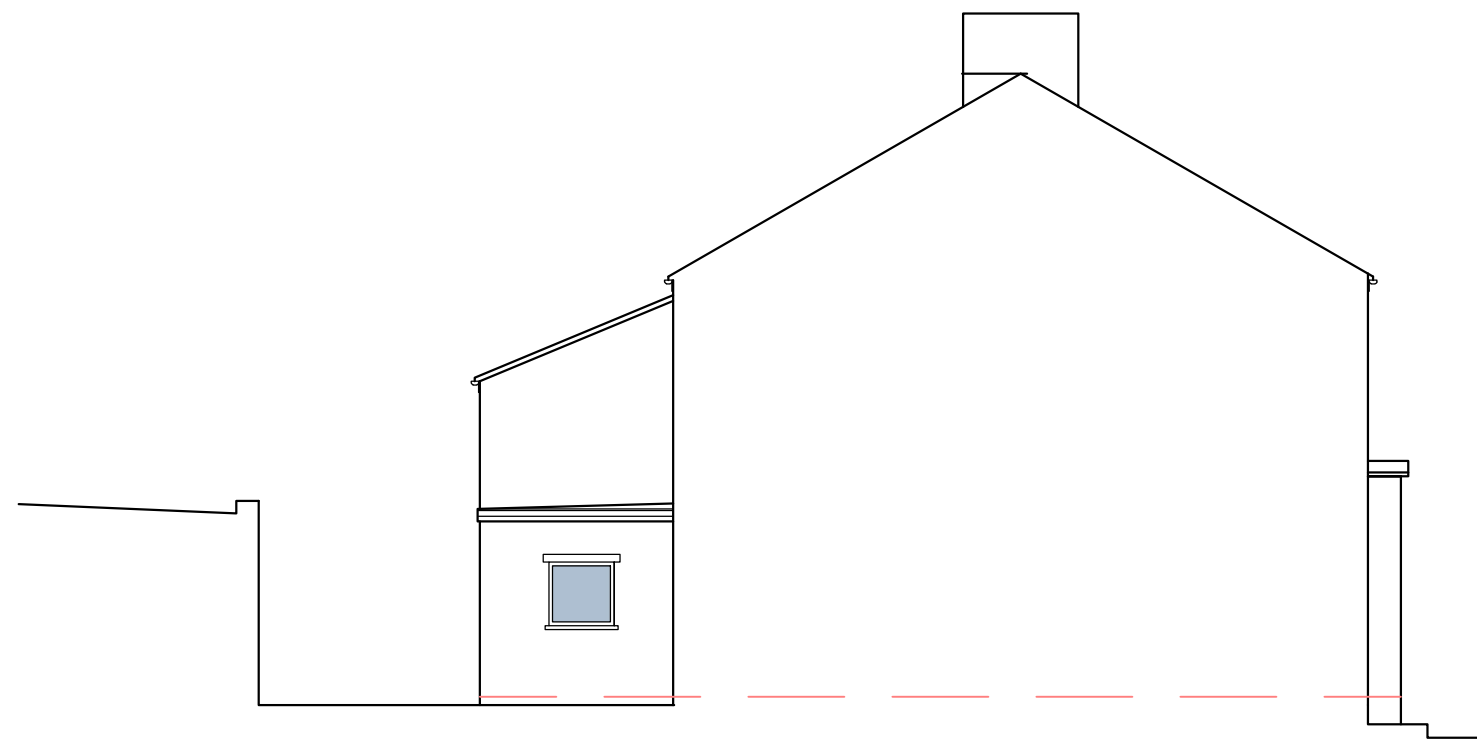


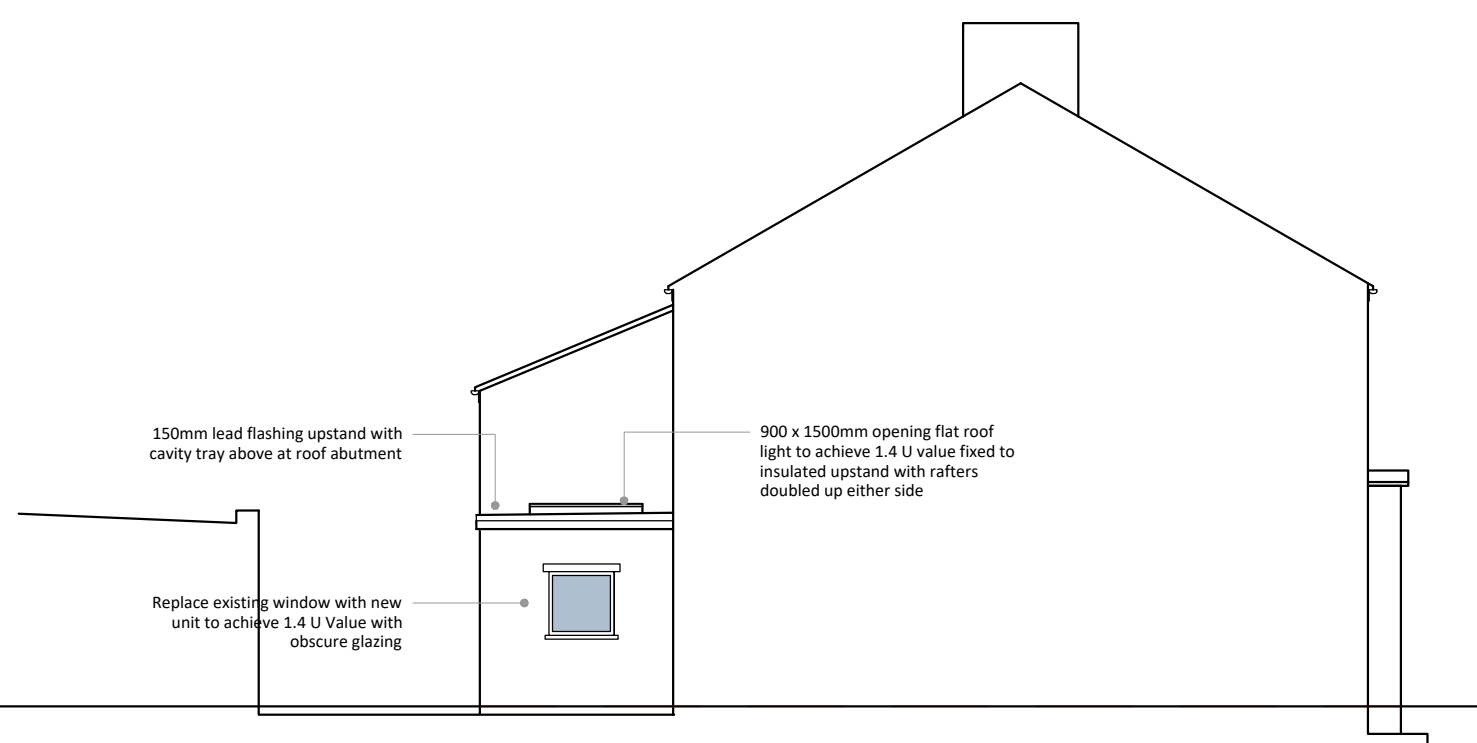
EXISTING ELEVATIONS 1:100

SOUTH

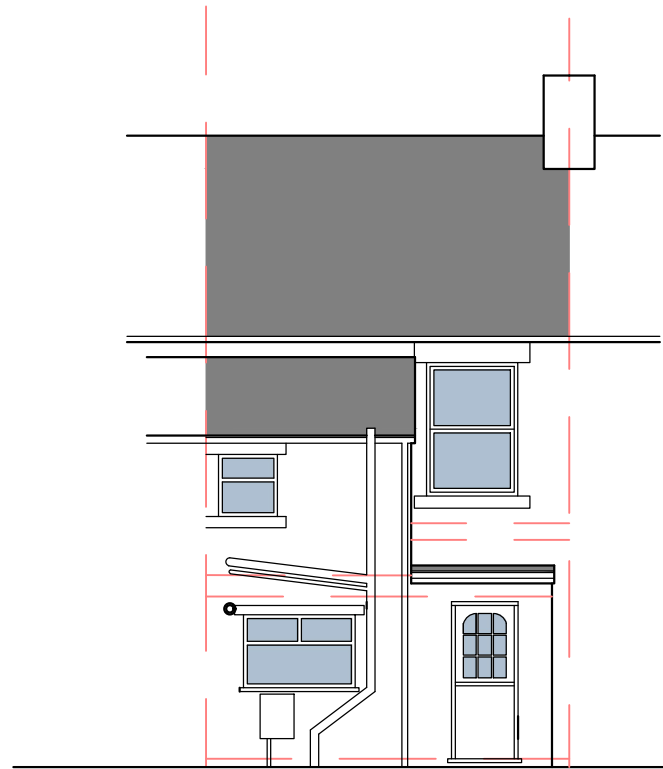


PROPOSED ELEVATIONS 1:100

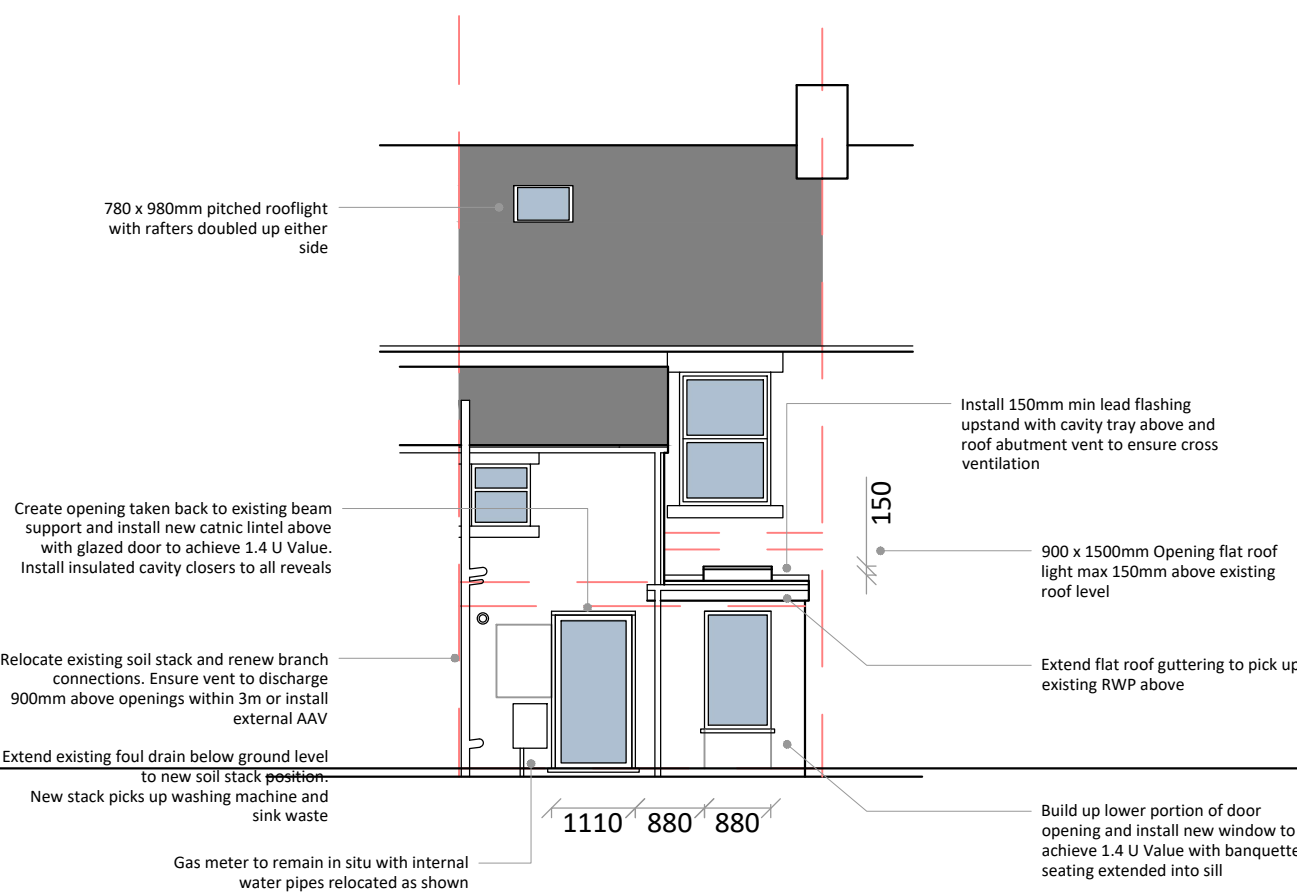
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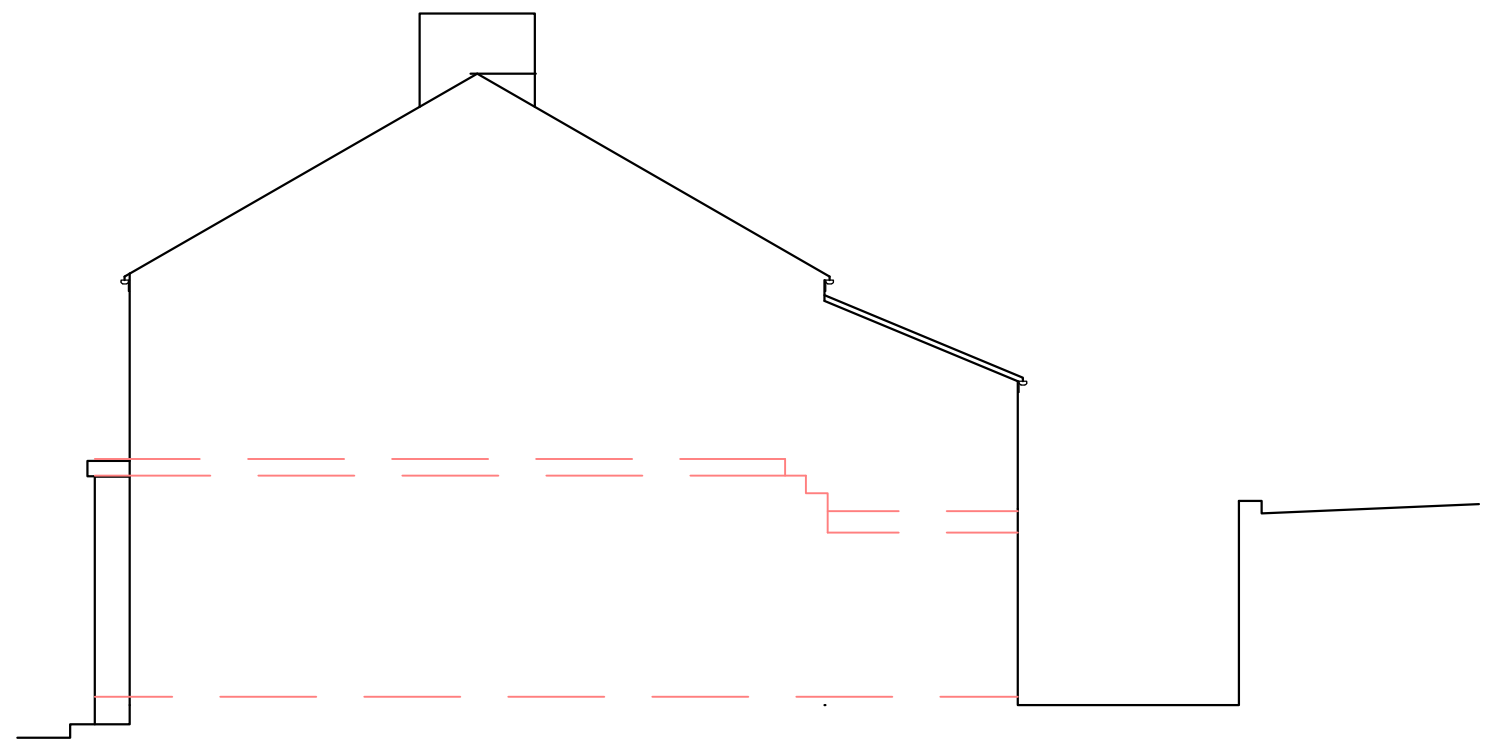
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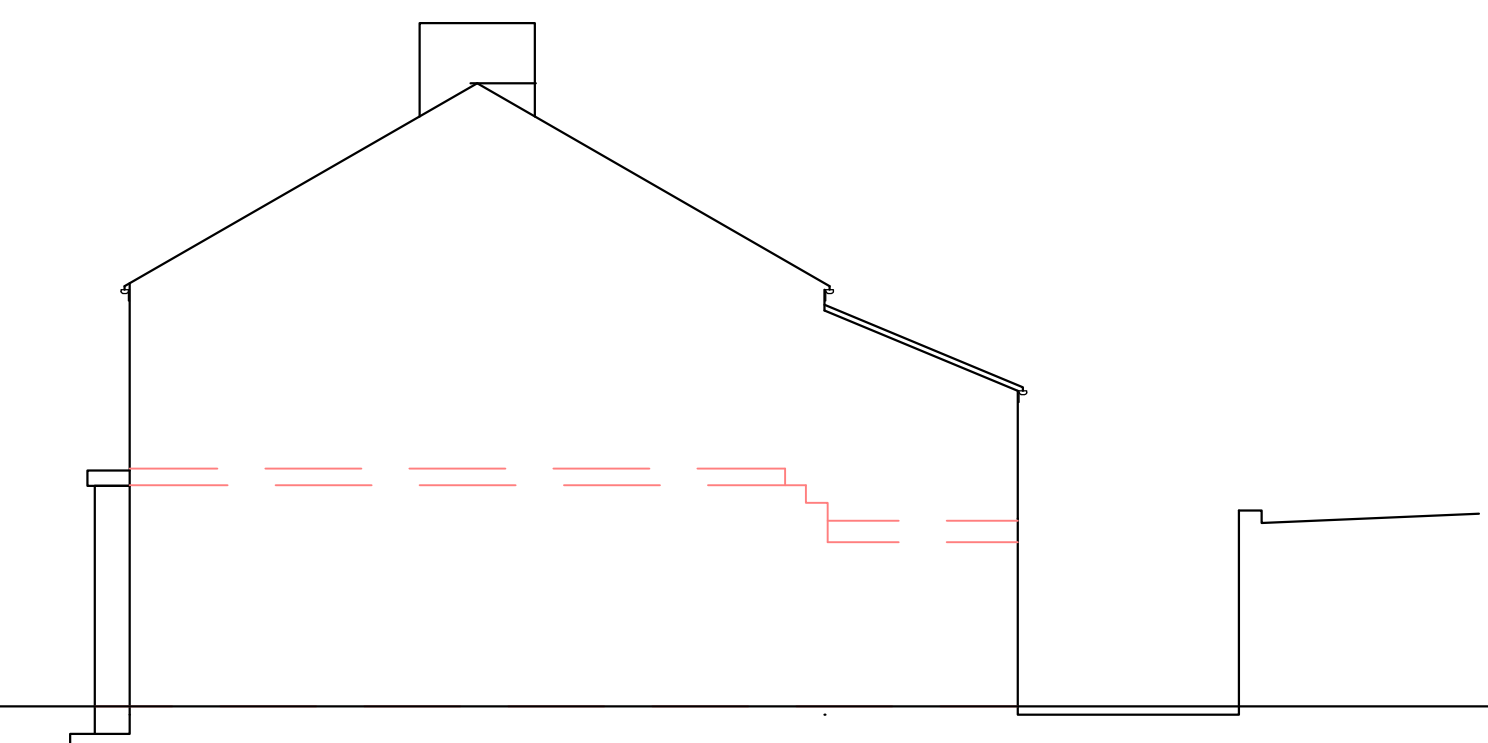
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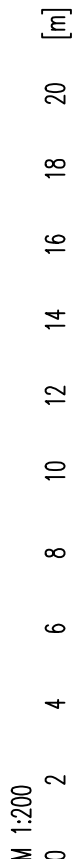
NORTH



NORTH



LOCATION PLAN 1:1250



SITE PLAN 1:200



PARTY WALL ACT

The owner, should they need to do so under the requirements of the Party Wall Act 1996, has a duty to serve a Party Structure Notice on any adjoining owner if building work on or near an existing Party Wall involves any of the following:

- Support of beam
- Insertion of DPC through wall
- Raising a wall or cutting off projections
- Demolition and rebuilding
- Underpinning
- Insertion of lead flashings
- Excavations within 3 metres of an existing structure where the new foundations will go deeper than adjoining foundations, or within 6 metres of an existing structure where the new foundations are within a 45 degree line of the adjoining foundations.

A Party Wall Agreement is to be in place prior to start of works on site.

THERMAL BRIDGING

Care shall be taken to limit the occurrence of thermal bridging in the insulation layers caused by gaps within the thermal element, (i.e. around windows and door openings). Reasonable provision shall also be made to ensure the extension is constructed to minimise unwanted air leakage through the new building fabric.

MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP

All works are to be carried out in a workmanlike manner. All materials and workmanship must comply with Regulation 7 of the Building Regulations, all relevant British Standards, European Standards, Agreement Certificates, Product Certification of Schemes (Kite Marks) etc. Products conforming to a European technical standard or harmonised European product should have a CE marking.

EXISTING STRUCTURE

Existing structure including foundations, beams, walls and lintels carrying new and altered loads are to be exposed and checked for adequacy prior to commencement of work and as required by the Building Control Officer.

BEAMS

Supply and install new structural elements such as new beams, roof structure, floor structure, bearings, and padstones in accordance with the Structural Engineer's calculations and details. New steel beams to be encased in 12.5mm Gyproc Fireline board with staggered joints, Gyproc FireCase or painted in Nullifire S or similar intumescent paint to provide 1/2 hour fire resistance, as agreed with Building Control. All fire protection to be installed as detailed by specialist manufacturer.

PIPES PASSING THROUGH WALLS

Walls above pipes passing through substructure walls to be supported on suitable lintel on semi-engineering bricks. Pipe to be provided with a 50mm clearance all round, opening to be masked with granular backfill (pea shingle) around pipe. DPC to be provided as required by BCO. Alternatively Where new pipework passes through external walls the pipe work is to be provided with 'rocker pipes' at a distance of 150mm either side of the wall face. The 'rocker pipes' must have flexible joints and be a maximum length of 600mm.

PARTIAL FILL CAVITY WALL

To achieve minimum U Value of 0.18 W/m²K Provide 103mm suitable facing brick. Ensure a 50mm clear residual cavity and provide 100mm Celotex CW4000 insulation fixed to internal leaf constructed of 100mm, 0.45 W/m²K standard block. Internal finish to be 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1:6 cement mortar.

DPC

Provide horizontal strip polymer (hyload) damp proof course to both internal and external skins, DPC to be placed a minimum 150mm above external ground level. New DPC to be made continuous with existing DPC's and with floor DPM. Vertical DPC to be installed at all reveals where cavity is closed.

CAVITIES

Provide cavity trays over openings. All cavities to be closed at eaves and around openings using Thermabate or similar non combustible insulated cavity closers. Provide vertical DPCs around openings and abutments. All cavity trays must have 150mm upstands and suitable cavity weep holes (min 2) at max 900mm centres.

EXISTING TO NEW WALL

Cavities in new wall to be made continuous with existing, where possible, to ensure continuous weather break. If a continuous cavity cannot be achieved, where new walls abuts the existing walls provide a movement joint with vertical DPC. All tied into existing construction with suitable proprietary stainless steel profiles.

VENTILATED FLAT ROOF

(imposed load max 1.0 kN/m² - dead load max 0.75 kN/m²) To achieve U value of 0.15 W/m²K Flat roof to be single ply membrane roofing with aa fire rating as specialist specification, with a current BBA or WIMLAS Certificate on 22mm exterior grade plywood, laid on firings to give a 1:40 fall on 47 x 120mm grade C16 timber joists at 400 ctrs, max span 2.43m (see engineer's details for sizes). Cross-ventilation to be provided on opposing sides by a proprietary eaves ventilation strip to give 25mm continuous ventilation, with fly proof screen. Flat roof insulation is to be continuous with the wall insulation but stopped back to allow a continuous 50mm air gap above the insulation for ventilation. Insulation to be 100mm Celotex GA4000 between joists and 50mm under joists. Ceilings to be 12.5mm plasterboard over vapour barrier with skim plaster finish. Provide cavity tray where pitched roof meets existing wall. Provide restraint to flat roof by fixing using of 30 x 5 x 1000mm ms galvanised lateral restraint straps at maximum 2000mm centres fixed to 100 x 50mm wall plates and anchored to wall.

LEAD WORK AND FLASHINGS

All lead flashings, any valleys or soakers to be Code 5 lead and laid in accordance with BS 5534 and BS EN 12588. Flashings to be provided to all jambs and below window openings with welded upstands. Joints to be lapped min 150mm and lead to be dressed 200mm under tiles, etc.

INTERNAL STUD PARTITIONS

100mm x 50mm softwood treated timbers studs at 400mm ctrs with 50 x 100mm head and sole plates and solid intermediate horizontal noggins at 1/3 height or 450mm c/cs. Provide min 10kg/m³ density acoustic soundproof quilt tightly packed (e.g. 100mm Rockwool or Iso wool mineral fibre sound insulation) in all voids the full depth of the stud. Partitions to be built off doubled up joists where partitions run parallel or provide noggins where at right angles, or to be built off DPC on thickened concrete slab if solid ground floor. Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plasterboard with skim plaster finish. Plasterboard to be taped and jointed complete with beads and stops.

ELECTRICAL

All electrical work required to meet the requirements of Part P (electrical safety) must be designed, installed, inspected and tested by a Competent Person registered under a Competent Person Self Certification Scheme such as BRE certification Ltd, BSI, NICEIC Certification Services or Zurich Ltd. An appropriate BS7671 Electrical Installation Certificate is to be issued for the work by a person competent to do so. A copy of a certificate will be given to Building Control on completion.

SMOKE DETECTION

Mains operated linked smoke alarm detection system to BS EN 14604 and BS 5839-6:2019 to at least a Grade D category LD3 standard. System to be mains powered with battery back up. Smoke alarms should be sited so that there is a smoke alarm in the circulation space on all levels/storeroys and within 7.5m of the door to every habitable room. If ceiling mounted they should be 300mm from the walls and light fittings. Where the kitchen area is not separated from the stairway or circulation space by a door, there should be an interlinked heat detector in the kitchen.

ROOF LIGHTS

Min U-value of 1.6 W/m²K. Roof lights to be double glazed with 16mm argon gap and soft low-E glass. Window Energy Rating to be Band C or better. Roof lights to be fitted in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, with rafters doubled up to sides and suitable flashings etc.

NEW AND REPLACEMENT WINDOWS & DOORS

New and replacement doors to achieve a U-Value of 1.4 W/m²K. Glazed areas to be double glazed with 16-20mm argon gap and soft low-E glass. Glass to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206, BS EN 14179 or BS EN ISO 12543-1 and Part K (Part N in Wales) of the current Building Regulations.

New and replacement windows to be double glazed with 16-20mm argon gap and soft coat low-E glass. Window Energy Rating to be Band B or better and to achieve U-value of 1.4 W/m²K. The door and window openings should be limited to 25% of the extension floor area plus the area of any existing openings covered by the extension.

Insulated plasterboard to be used in reveals to abut jambs and to be considered within reveal soffits. Fully insulated and continuous cavity closers to be used around reveals. Windows and door frames to be taped to surrounding openings using air sealing tape. Windows to be fitted with trickle vents to provide adequate background ventilation in accordance with Approved Document F.

PURGE VENTILATION

Minimum total area of opening in accordance with Table 1.4 Approved Document F1. Hinged or pivot windows with an opening angle of 15 to 30 degrees to have an openable area in excess 1/10 of the floor area of the room. Sash windows, external doors or hinged pivot windows with an opening angle of equal to or greater than 30 degrees to have an openable area in excess of 1/20 of the floor area of the room. Purge ventilation should be capable of extracting at least 4 air changes per hour per room directly to the outside. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation.

EXTRACT TO KITCHEN

Kitchen to have mechanical ventilation with an extract rating of 60l/sec, or 30l/sec if adjacent to hob to external air. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. Cooker hoods to BS EN 13141-3. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

BACKGROUND VENTILATION

Controllable background ventilation at least 1700mm above floor level to be provided to habitable rooms and kitchens at a rate of min 8,000mm², and to bathrooms at a rate of min 4000mm². Total number of ventilators installed in a dwellings habitable rooms to be at least 4 ventilators for one bedroom dwellings and 5 ventilators for dwellings with more than one bedroom. Background ventilators to be tested to BS EN 13141-1 Background ventilator equivalent area and operation to be measured and recorded. Noise attenuating background ventilators should be fitted to facades with sustained loud noise.

Where the extension connects to in an existing room and as a result the existing room is left with no windows or background ventilation less than 5000mm², then the new room background ventilation to be at least 10,000mm² equivalent area. Where the extension connects to in an existing room and as a result the existing room is left with background ventilation at least 5000mm², then both the following is to be provided:

- Background ventilators of at least 12,000mm² equivalent area should be provided between the two rooms.
- Background ventilators of at least 12,000mm² equivalent area between the additional room and the outside.

FLAT ROOF VENTILATION

Cross-ventilation to be provided on opposing sides by a proprietary eaves ventilation strip equivalent to 25mm continuous with fly proof screen. Flat roof insulation is to be continuous with the wall insulation but stopped back to allow a 50mm air gap above the insulation for ventilation.

C2. CONDENSATION

Walls, floors and roof of the building to be designed and constructed so that their structural and thermal performance will not be adversely affected by interstitial condensation, surface condensation or mould growth. Account to be taken of the building's form and orientation in relation to topography, prevailing winds, sunlight and over-shadowing, and the rate at which humidity is generated.

Materials with the highest vapour resistance should be located on the warm side of a thermal element. VCLs to be provided where necessary. The junctions between elements are designed to Accredited Construction Details or guidance of BRE IP17/01 and BS 5250:2021 Management of moisture in buildings to be followed.

RAINWATER DRAINAGE

New rainwater goods to be new 110mm UPVC half round gutters taken and connected into 68mm dia UPVC downpipes. Rainwater taken to new soakaway, situated a min distance of 5.0m away from any building, via 110mm dia UPVC pipes surrounded in 150mm granular fill. Soakaway to be min of 1 cubic metre capacity (or to depth to Local Authority approval), filled with suitable granular fill and provided with geotextile surround to prevent migration of fines. If necessary carry out a porosity test to determine design and depth of soakaway.

UNDERGROUND FOUL DRAINAGE

Underground drainage to consist of 100mm diameter UPVC proprietary pipework to give a 1:40 fall. Surround pipes in 100mm pea shingle. Provide 600mm suitable cover (900mm under drives). Shallow pipes to be covered with 100mm reinforced concrete slab over compressible material. Provide rodding access at all changes of direction and junctions. All below ground drainage to comply with BS EN 1401-1.

ABOVE GROUND DRAINAGE

All new above ground drainage and plumbing to comply with BS EN 12056-2 for sanitary pipework. All drainage to be in accordance with Part H of the Building Regulations. Wastes to have 75mm deep anti-vac bottle traps and rodding eyes to be provided at changes of direction.

Size of wastes pipes and max length of branch connections (if max length is exceeded then anti-vac traps to be used)

Wash basin - 1.7m for 32mm pipe 3m for 40mm pipe, Bath/shower - 3m for 40mm pipe 4m for 50mm pipe, W/c - 6m for 100mm pipe for single WC. All branch pipes to connect to 110mm soil and vent pipe terminating min 900mm above any openings within 3m. Or to 110mm upvc soil pipe with accessible internal air admittance valve complying with BS EN 12380, placed at a height so that the outlet is above the trap of the highest fitting. Waste pipes not to connect on to SVP within 200mm of the WC connection. Supply hot and cold water to all fittings as appropriate.

SOIL AND VENT PIPE OR AUTOMATIC AIR VALVE

Svp to be extended up in 110mm dia UPVC and to terminate min 900mm above any openings within 3m. Provide a long radius bend at foot of SVP. WC to be connected to new 110mm UPVC soil pipe with accessible internal air admittance valve complying with BS EN 12380. Air admittance valve to be placed at a height so that the outlet is above the trap of the highest fitting.

BUILDING REGULATION DRAWINGS

83 Spring Bank
New Mills
High Peak
SK22 4BH

Re-Roof Rear Flat Roof, Alter Rear
Openings & Internal Structural Alterations

Revision	Date
Drawing Ref 83SB/BR/01	Date 4th April 2023

PLANS ARE TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS DETAILS. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO CHECK ALL MEASUREMENTS ON SITE PRIOR TO WORK COMMENCING. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER TO ENSURE ALL ASPECTS OF THE PARTY WALL ETC ACT 1996 ARE MET. PLEASE CONTACT PLAN DRAWER IF ANY ON SITE AMENDMENTS ARE TO BE MADE.

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