



Environmental Health – Planning Consultation

Date: 24 February 2021

My Ref: HPK20210057

Dealt with by: Matthew Rhodes

Tel: 01298 28400 Ext 4457

To: planning@highpeak.gov.uk

CC:

APPLICATION NUMBER: HPK/2021/0057

LOCATION: 60 Workshop Rear Of, Fairfield Road, Buxton, Derbyshire, SK17 7DW

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT: Change of use from Class E Commercial, Business and Service to C3 Dwellinghouses. Conversion of former carpenters workshop to form 2 bedroom dwelling.

CONSULTATION DATE: 18 February 2021

RECOMMENDATION

The Environmental Health Department has no objection to the proposed development subject to the conditions set out below being applied to any permission granted.

Comments

COMMENT: CL SENSITIVE USE

The proposed end use of the development is particularly sensitive to the presence of land contamination, for this reason the following conditions 1 is recommended.

COMMENT: CONSTRUCTION

The construction/demolition stage of the development could lead to an increase of noise and dust etc. experienced at sensitive premises and subsequent loss of amenity, for this reason conditions 2 to 7 are suggested.

Conditions

1. CL05 CONTAMINATED LAND – IF FOUND DURING DEVELOPMENT

If during development any contamination or evidence of likely contamination is identified that has not previously been identified or considered, then the applicant shall submit a written scheme to identify and control that contamination. This shall include a phased risk assessment carried out in accordance with the procedural guidance of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 Part IIA, and appropriate remediation proposals, and shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority without delay. The approved remediation scheme shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority.

2. CDD01 - CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION – DUST

There shall be no visible dust emissions beyond the site boundary associated with construction/demolition works undertaken at the site. In controlling dust on site, the contractor shall have due regard to the Building Research Establishment Document '*Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities*' (BR456) and the Institute of Air Quality Managements '*Assessment of dust from demolition and Construction*' (2014).

3. CDD02 - CONSTRUCTION & DEMOLITION: WASTE DISPOSAL

Any waste material associated with the demolition or construction shall not be burnt on site but shall be kept securely for removal to prevent escape into the environment.

There shall be no fires lit on the site for purpose of disposing of demolition materials. Any open fires that arise shall be extinguished without delay.

4. NSD12 - BEST PRACTICAL MEANS

The best practicable means, as defined in Section 72 of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 to reduce noise and vibration from the site to a minimum, shall be employed at all times during construction.

5. NSD02B - NOISE CONSTRUCTION: PILING 2

If piling is necessary, a written method statement shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority. The affects of noise generation (hours of operation) shall be considered, and shall include noise mitigation measures consistent with best practical means. No piling shall take place until the method statement has been approved.

No piling shall take place outside the hours 09:00 hours to 16:00 hours Mondays to Fridays

6. NS02A - CONSTRUCTION & DEMOLITION WORKS: TIME OF OPERATIONS

Unless prior permission has been obtained in writing from the Local Planning Authority, all noise-generating activities shall be restricted to the following times of operations.

- 07:30 - 18:00 hours (Monday to Friday);
- 08:30 - 14:00 hours (Saturday)
- No working is permitted on Sundays or Bank Holidays.

In this condition, a noise-generating activity is defined as any activity (for instance, but not restricted to, building construction/demolition operations, refurbishing and landscaping) which generates noise that is audible at the site boundary.

7. CDD14 - ON SITE RADIO

During construction/demolition phases amplified music and/or radios shall not be audible beyond the site boundary.

Advisory Note/ Informative:

Please be aware that the responsibility for safe development and secure occupancy of the site rests with the developer.

- Any approved noise scheme and measurements should pay due regard to British Standard BS8233: 2014 Sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings (Guidance Document), BS4142 Methods for rating and assessing industrial and commercial sound and the Building Regulations 2010 Document E or other appropriate guidance.
- Advice on controlling flies and light can be found in: Statutory Nuisance from Insects and Artificial Light (DEFRA 2005) available as a free download <http://archive.defra.gov.uk/environment/quality/local/legislation/cnea/documents/statnuisance.pdf>
- A Demolition or refurbishment asbestos survey and risk assessment should be carried out prior to the demolition of the existing buildings. The enforcing authority for this type of work is the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) and it is recommended that you contact them directly to discuss their requirements: <http://www.hse.gov.uk/>
- During any demolition and construction activities (including landscaping) the contractor shall take all reasonable steps to prevent dust formation and prevent any dust formed from leaving the site boundary.
 - The control of dust and emissions from construction and demolition Best Practice Guidance, produced by the greater London councils <http://www.london.gov.uk/sites/default/files/BPGcontrolofdustandemissions.pdf>
 - Building Research Establishment Guidance Document 'Control of Dust from Construction and Demolition Activities' (BR456)
- If required, contamination risk assessments shall be carried out in accordance with UK policy and with the procedural guidance relating to the contaminated land regime, and should be in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework and DEFRA Land Contamination Risk Management (LCRM) guidance.

- Submission of reports should also be made to the Environment Agency for comment with regard to their remit to protect ground and surface waters from pollution and their obligations relating to contaminated land.
- The Local Planning Authority will determine the acceptability of reports on the basis of the information made available to it. Please be aware that should a risk of harm from contamination remain post development, where the applicant had prior knowledge of the contamination, the applicant is likely to be liable under Part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and as such become an “appropriate person”. In this event the applicant will be lawfully responsible to remove the risk posed by the contamination.
- Equally if during any site works a pathway for any contaminant on site is created and humans, waters, property or ecological systems are exposed to this, the applicant or those acting on behalf of the applicant will be liable under part II (a) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 if the risks are not adequately addressed during the site redevelopment.
- During investigation and remediation works the applicant and those acting on behalf of the applicant must ensure that site workers, public property and the environment are protected against noise, dust, odour and fumes
- The applicant is advised that should there be a requirement as part of the Remediation Strategy to treat, reuse or remove contaminated material on the site, the Environment Agency must be consulted, as these activities may need to be licensed or permitted. Contaminated materials identified for removal off site must be disposed of in an appropriately licensed landfill site.
- High Peak Borough Council is keen to liaise with all stakeholders involved in this application. As such, we recommend that a proposed scope of works is forwarded to the Environmental Protection Department and agreed in principle prior to site investigation works being undertaken. The Environmental Protection Department is also prepared to review draft copies of reports prior to final submission to the Planning Department in order to ensure that works undertaken are sufficient to discharge the contaminated land conditions.

Regards,

Matthew Rhodes

EHO (Pollution Specialist)